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EXTRACTS FROM OLD EDITIONS OF THE MINING JOURNAL

Justin Brooke

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29th June 1872.

LEAD MINE IN CUMBERLAND

'TO BE SOLD, a Lead Mine situated near KESWICK, in CUMBERLAND, and known as the Glenderaterra Mine.

The mine has been carried on upon a limited scale by the present proprietor in development. Openings have been made upon two of the veins which traverse the sett, and machinery for pumping and winding is also erected, and is in good working order.

For particulars as to leases and royalties, and for orders to inspect, apply to Messrs John Taylor and Sons, 6 Queen Street Place, London E.C., who are empowered to treat for the sale on the same.'

20th April 1872 (abridged)

STAVELEY LEAD MINING COMPANY

Westmorland:- Inspection report on the mine from James Barratt, Broughton-in-Furness, and Walter Eddy, from Llangollen: Shaft sunk on lode 42 yards from surface, and level driven from bottom 28 yards east and 26 yards west. Works much impeded by heavy rains during the winter. To prevent this in future, the Western end is to be driven into old workings, so as to ventilate the mine and draw off the water; the old workings are about 35 yards off. When this has been completed, it is recommended that the eastern end be driven to the junction of the other lode, and to sink the shaft on the lode 20 or 25 yards deeper, at which point the lodes are expected to form a junction, as they have opposite underlies. When first started, the shaft was on a lode composed of phosphate and carbonate of lead and the lode was very soft, but it became harder, in the eastern end it requires blasting. The phosphate and carbonate of lead has given way to ribs and strings of galena (blue red ore) which is thought to be a most favourable indication. The lode is 8 ft. to 10 ft. wide, with well defined walls. Reaching the old workings will take about a month.